Applicants : Appln. No. :

Lars Eric Sundstrom et al.

09/581,397

Page

## In the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

- (Cancelled). 1.
- (Previously Presented) A compound according to Claim 25, having the formula (Ia): 2.

wherein Q, Ra, Rb, Rc, R2, R3, Z, n, and R1 are as in Claim 1.

(Previously Presented) Compounds according to Claim 25, having the formula (Ib): 3.

wherein:

X, Y, Z, n and R1 are as defined in Claim 1;

X is an integer from 1 to 5;

Y is 3 or 4

R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> may be the same or different and each represents a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group; and

the chiral carbon atom indicated by the asterisk is in the  $\underline{\mathbf{L}}$  configuration.

**Applicants** 

Lars Eric Sundstrom et al.

Appln. No.

09/581,397

Page

3

4. (Previously Presented) Compounds according to Claim 25, in which Z represents an aromatic amino acid residue in the <u>L</u> configuration.

- 5. (Cancelled).
- 6. (Cancelled).
- 7. (Cancelled).
- 8. (Previously Presented) A compound according to Claim 25 which is:

9. (Previously Presented) A compound according to Claim 25 which is:

10. (Previously Presented) A compound according to Claim 25 which is:

Applicants

Lars Eric Sundstrom et al.

Appln. No.

09/581,397

Page

4

11. (Previously Presented) A compound according to Claim 25 which is:

12. (Previously Presented) A compound according to Claim 25 which is:

$$H_2N$$
 $NH_2$ 
 $H$ 
 $NH_2$ 
 $NH_2$ 

13. (Previously Presented ) A compound according to Claim 25 which is:

$$H_2N$$
 $NH_2$ 
 $H$ 
 $NH_2$ 
 $NH_2$ 
 $NH_2$ 
 $NH_2$ 
 $NH_2$ 
 $NH_2$ 
 $NH_2$ 
 $NH_2$ 

MAY-27-2004 16:44

Applicants

Lars Eric Sundstrom et al.

Appln. No.

09/581,397

Page

5

14. (Previously Presented) A compound according to Claim 25 which is:

15. (Previously Presented) A compound according to Claim 25 which is:

$$H_2N$$
 $NH_2$ 
 $H$ 
 $NH_2$ 
 $NH_3$ 
 $NH_4$ 
 $NH_4$ 

16. (Previously Presented) A compound according to Claim 25 which is:

- 17. (Canceled).
- 18. (Canceled).

MAY-27-2004 16:44

Applicants

Lars Eric Sundstrom et al.

Appln. No.

09/581,397

Page

6

- 19. (Cancelled).
- 20. (Cancelled).
- 21. (Cancelled).
- 22. (Cancelled).
- 23. (Cancelled).
- 24. (Cancelled).
- 25. (Currently Amended) A substantially pure compound having less than 1% contaminants and having the formula (I)

wherein:

Q represents an amidino group, a cyano group or a group of formula XYN-, where

X and Y are the same or different, and each may represent a hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl group, or hetero-atom containing group or, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, form a nitrogen-containing heterocyclic group;

R<sup>a</sup> represents a straight or branched chain alkylene or alkenylene group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms and each optionally being substituted by from 1 to 4 alkyl groups each having from 1 to 3 carbon atoms;

MAY-27-2004 16:44

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Applicants

Lars Eric Sundstrom et al.

Appln. No.

09/581.397

Page

7

R<sup>b</sup> and R<sup>c</sup> represents an alkylene or alkylene alkenylene group having 3 or 4 carbon atoms in a straight chain, each being optionally substituted by a 1 or 2 alkyl groups each having from 1 to 3 carbon atoms, the total number of carbon atoms in said straight chains of R<sup>b</sup> and R<sup>c</sup> being 7;

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are the same as or different from each other and each represents a hydrogen atom, or a group of formula R, RCO-, ROCO-, or RNHCO-, where

R represents a lower alkyl group or an aryl group, said alkyl or aryl group being optionally substituted by one or more of the substituents  $\alpha$ , defined below;

the chiral carbon atom indicated by the asterisk is in the L configuration;

Z is an aromatic amino acid residue;

n is 0 or 1;

 $R^1$  represents a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group or an aryl group, said alkyl or aryl group being optionally substituted by one or more of the substituents  $\alpha$ , defined below;

W represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl or aryl group; and

substituents  $\alpha$  are selected from: halogen atoms, amino groups, alkylamino groups, dialkylamino groups, cyano groups, hydroxy groups, alkyl groups (except when the substituted group is akyl alkyl), aryl groups, carbamoyl groups, alkylcarbamoyl groups, dialkylcarbamoyl groups and carboxy groups and esters thereof;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.